

IMAS UDA Workshop

MASTU - IMAS Mappings

+ some JET Mappings

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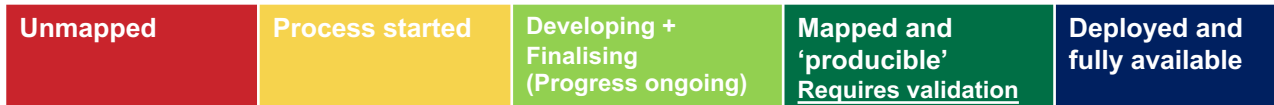
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MASTU - IMAS Mappings

+ some JET Mappings

- MAST-U Mapping Status
- Example output with MAST-U IDSs
- Plugins used
- Example `globals.json`
- Examples of wall, magnetics, and `pf_active`
- JET Summary IDS
- Writing a plugin

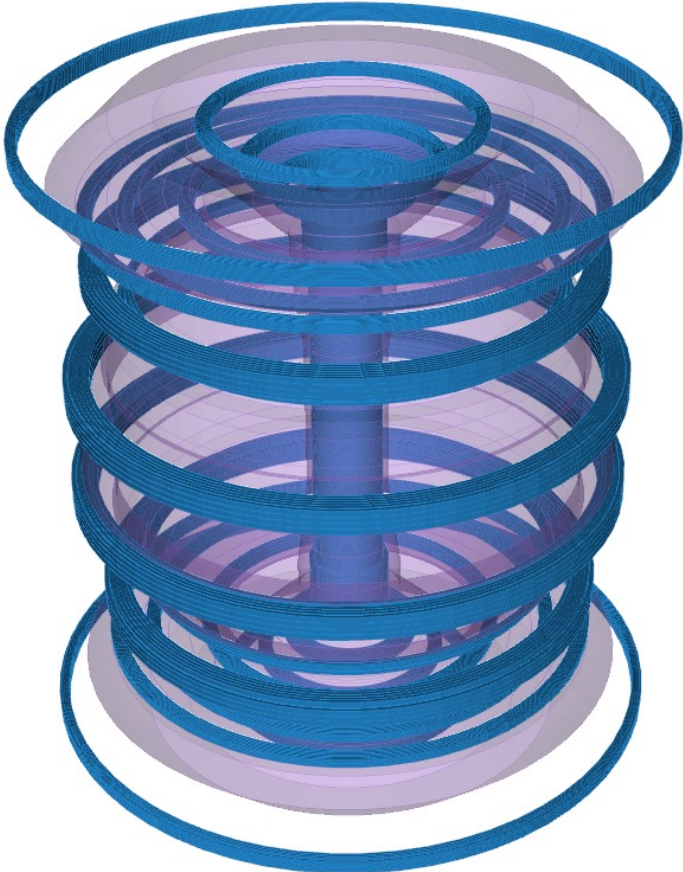
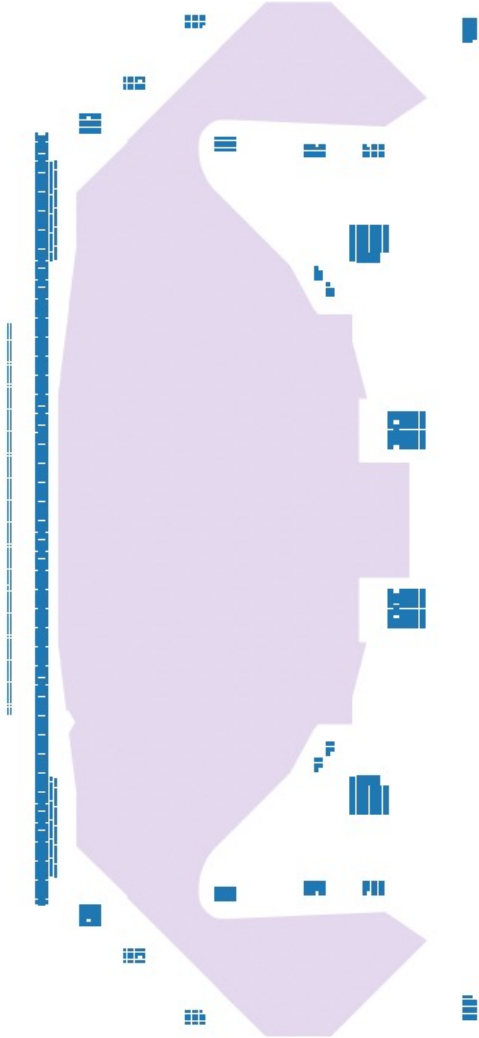
MAST-U Mapping Status



Interface Data Structure (IDS)	Status*	Notes and Comments
magnetics		Reviewed, feedback received
pf_active		Reviewed, feedback received
pf_passive		Reviewed, feedback received
wall		Required signals mapped, handed over for testing
tf		Required signals mapped, handed over for testing
pulse_schedule		Required signals mapped, handed over for testing
mse		Required signals mapped, not yet tested
summary		Partially mapped, not yet tested
nbi		Contacted ROs, initial mappings started
equilibrium/core_profiles		Discussion ongoing (mapping responsibility?)

MAST-U IDS Output

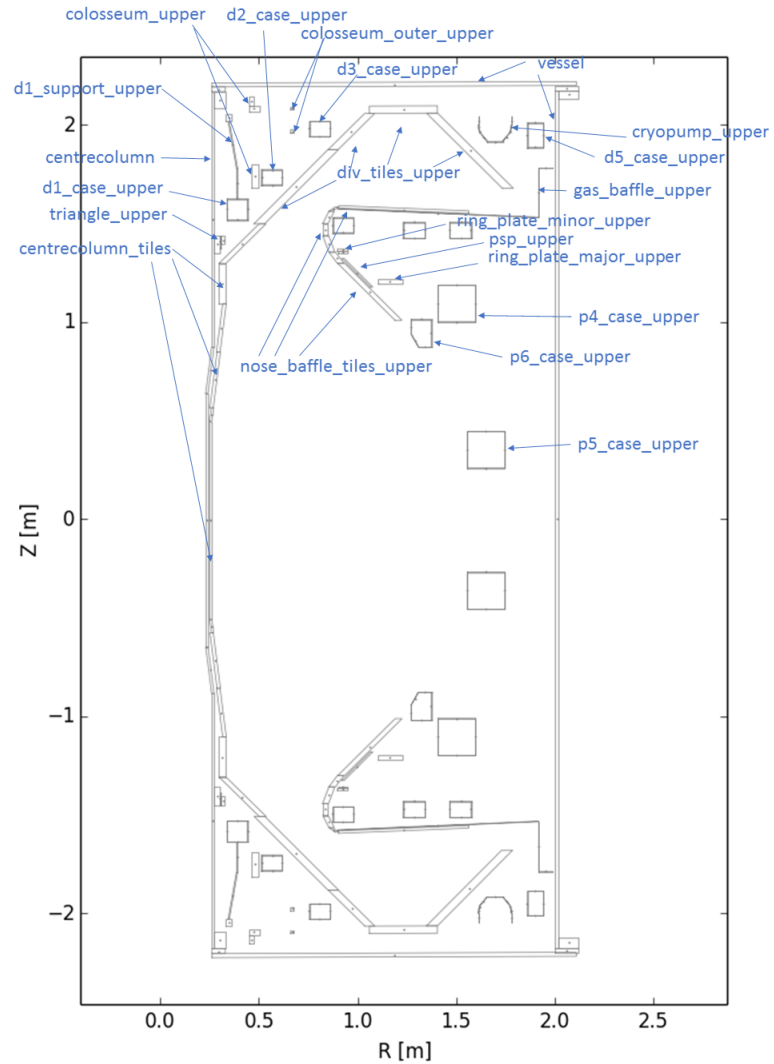
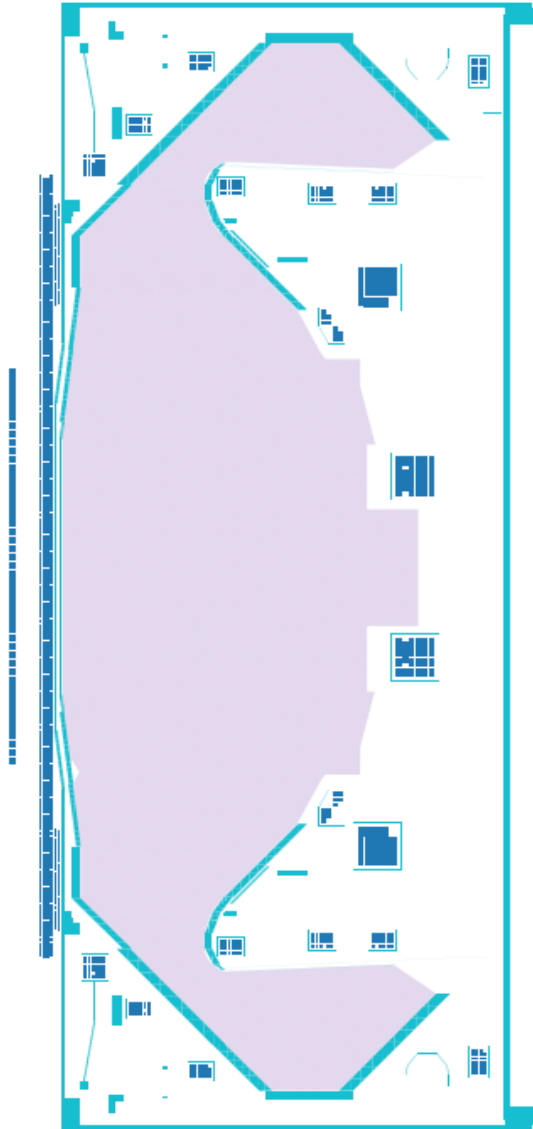
Hot off the press...



Images provided by Simon McIntosh

MAST-U IDS Output

Hot off the press...



--- *pf*_passive structures need a little work

MAST-U Plugins for Map Data

UDA Plugin --> Retrieve MAST-U experimental data

IDS path : ip[0]/data

```
UDA::get( signal=/AMC/PLASMA_CURRENT, source=45272, host=uda2.hpc.1, port=56565 )
```

GEOMETRY --> Plugin to map MAST-U machine description data

IDS path : flux_loop[0]/position[0]/r

```
GEOMETRY::get(
    signal=/magnetics/d1_upper, key=coordinate.r,
    source=45272, host=uda2.hpc.1, port=56565
)[0]
```

CUSTOM MASTU --> Plugin for handling custom MAST-U mappings

IDS path : coil[0]/current/data

```
CUSTOM_MASTU::pf_coil_current(
    signal=/AMC/ROGEXT/D1U, source=45272,
    host=uda2.hpc.1, port=56565
)
```

PLUGIN_ARGS – Top-level *globals.json*

```

{
  ...
  "PLUGIN_ARGS": {
    "UDA": {
      "source": "{{ shot }}",
      "host": "uda2.hpc.1",
      "port": "56565"
    },
    "GEOMETRY": {
      "source": "{{ shot }}",
      "host": "uda2.hpc.1",
      "port": "56565"
    },
    "CUSTOM_MASTU": {
      "source": "{{ shot }}",
      "host": "uda2.hpc.1",
      "port": "56565"
    }
  }
  ...
}

```

PLUGIN_ARGS defines a dictionary of fields available to a particular plugin by default, do not have to be manually added to each mapping

*In this case, all the same. However, only because UDA2 is MAST-U data server for all
Some GEOMETRY or CUSTOM_MASTU mappings actually call UDA::get - pluginception*

magnetics IDS – *globals.json*

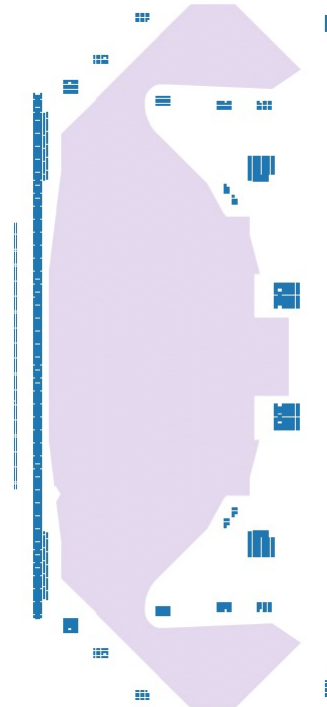
Adam: show file

pf_active IDS – *globals.json*

Adam: show file

wall IDS – mapping.json

```
"description_2d[#]/limiter/unit[#]/closed": {
  "MAP_TYPE": "VALUE",
  "VALUE": 1
},
"description_2d[#]/limiter/unit[#]/outline/r": {
  "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
  "PLUGIN": "GEOMETRY",
  "ARGS": {
    "signal": "/limiter/efit",
    "key": "R"
  }
},
"description_2d[#]/limiter/unit[#]/outline/z": {
  "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
  "PLUGIN": "GEOMETRY",
  "ARGS": {
    "signal": "/limiter/efit",
    "key": "Z"
  }
}
```



GEOMETRY::get(signal=/limiter/efit, key=R, ...)

--> GEOM::get(signal=limiter/efit, Config=1)

WITHIN GEOMETRY PLUGIN

Traverse the returned data structure to R child field

Output array to data block ----->

```
Attribute outline
class outline
Attribute r
[1.56441581 1.73157942 1.34847534 1.08818924 0.90322602 0.90463918
0.5341571 0.53829378 0.33279714 0.33279714 0.33479592 0.30311525
0.30511403 0.26913595 0.27113473 0.26084101 0.26084101 0.27113473
0.26913595 0.30511403 0.30311525 0.33479592 0.33279714 0.33279714
0.53829378 0.5341571 0.90463918 0.90322602 1.08818924 1.34847534
1.73157942 1.56441581 1.37999129 1.37989187 1.19622207 1.19631648
1.05537415 1.05528355 0.94750249 0.90568638 0.89914298 0.88338786
0.86768121 0.85132235 0.83348191 0.82606256 0.82267767 0.82102275
0.82069135 0.82288736 0.827573 0.8391946 0.85524428 0.87756652
0.89947349 1.18567729 1.27900004 1.296 1.43299997 1.43299997
1.49000001 1.46000004 1.46000004 1.66100001 1.66100001 1.46000004
1.46000004 1.49300003 1.47399998 1.43299997 1.43299997 1.296
1.27900004 1.18567729 0.89947349 0.87756652 0.85524428 0.8391946
0.827573 0.82288736 0.82069135 0.82102275 0.82267767 0.82606256
0.83348191 0.85132235 0.86768121 0.88338786 0.89914298 0.90568638
0.94750249 1.05528355 1.05537415 1.19631648 1.19622207 1.37989187
1.37999129 1.56441581]
```

magnetics IDS – mapping.json

```

{
  ...
  "flux_loop[#]/name": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "VALUE",
    "VALUE": "{{ FL_NAME }}"
  },
  "flux_loop[#]/identifier": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "VALUE",
    "VALUE": "FLUX_LOOP_{{ indices.0 + 1 }}"
  },
  ...
  "flux_loop[#]/flux": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "UDA",
    "ARGS": {
      "signal": "/AMB/{{ FL_TYPE }}/{{ FL_NAME }}"
    }
  },
  "flux_loop[#]/voltage": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "UDA",
    "ARGS": {
      "signal": "/AMB/LOOPV/{{ LOOPV_NAME }}"
    }
  },
  ...
}

```

Index # = 0

```
flux_loop[0]/name
"F_BL_01"
```

```
flux_loop[0]/name
"FLUX_LOOP_1"
```

```
flux_loop[0]/flux
Signal --> /AMB/FLUX/F_BL_01
UDA::get(signal=/AMB/FLUX/F_BL_01, ...)
<private data>
```

```
flux_loop[0]/voltage
Signal --> /AMB/LOOPV/LV_BL_01
UDA::get(signal=/AMB/LOOPV/LV_BL_01, ...)
<private data>
```

magnetics IDS – *mapping.json*

```
{
  ...
  "ip[#]": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "UDA",
    "ARGS": {
      signal: "/AMC/PLASMA_CURRENT"
    },
    "SCALE": "{{ UNIT_SF }}"
  },
  ...
}
```



magnetics IDS – *mapping.json*

```

{
  ...
  "b_field_pol_probe[#]/position/r": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "GEOMETRY",
    "ARGS": {
      signal: "{{ BPOL_NAME }}",
      key: "coordinate.r"
    }
  },
  "b_field_pol_probe[#]/position/z": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "GEOMETRY",
    "ARGS": {
      signal: "{{ BPOL_NAME }}",
      key: "coordinate.z"
    }
  },
  ...
}

```

GEOMETRY::get(signal='b_b11_n02', key=coordinate.z ...)

Data structure received from 'signal = b_b11_n02'

Traverse the object to access 'coordinate.z'

```

[ data ]
|-> signal_type
|-> name_
|-> refFrame
|-> type
|-> array
|-> status
|-> version
|-> bandwidth
[ orientation ]
| |-> measurement_direction
| [ unit_vector ]
| | |-> r
| | |-> z
| | |-> phi
| [ coordinate ]
| | |-> r
| | |-> z
| | |-> phi
| [ geometry ]
| | |-> length
| | |-> nturnsLayer1
| | |-> nturnsLayer2
| | |-> nturnsLayer3
| | |-> nturnsLayer4
| | |-> nturnsTotal
| | |-> areaLayer1
| | |-> areaLayer2
| | |-> areaLayer3
| | |-> areaLayer4
| | |-> areaAve

```

magnetics IDS – *mapping.json*

```
{
  ...
  "b_field_pol_probe[#]/poloidal_angle": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "EXPR",
    "PARAMETERS": {
      "Z": "_pickup[#]/unit_vector/Z",
      "R": "_pickup[#]/unit_vector/R"
    },
    "EXPR": "2*PI-atan2(Z,R)"
  },
  ...
  "_pickup[#]/unit_vector/Z": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "GEOMETRY",
    "ARGS": {
      "signal": "{{ BPOL_NAME }}",
      "key": "orientation.unit_vector.z"
    }
  },
  "_pickup[#]/unit_vector/R": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "GEOMETRY",
    "ARGS": {
      "signal": "{{ BPOL_NAME }}",
      "key": "orientation.unit_vector.r"
    }
  },
  ...
}
```

1) Access the two 'hidden' signals and load into memory

`GEOMETRY::get(signal='b_b11_n02', key=coordinate.z ...)`
 Again traverse to `coordinate.z`

2) Use as input to the expression and evaluate

$$2\pi \times \text{atan2}(Z, R)$$

3) Return result to the DataBlock

```
>>> ids.b_field_pol_probe[0].poloidal_angle
4.668756008148193
```

pf_active IDS – *mapping.json*

```

"coil[#]/element[#]/geometry/rectangle/width": {
  "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
  "PLUGIN": "GEOMETRY",
  "ARGS": {
    "signal": "/magnetics/pfcoil/{{ PF_GEOM_NAME }}",
    "key": "geom_elements.dR"
  },
  "SLICE": "[{{ indices.1 }}"
},
"coil[#]/element[#]/geometry/rectangle/height": {
  "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
  "PLUGIN": "GEOMETRY",
  "ARGS": {
    "signal": "/magnetics/pfcoil/{{ PF_GEOM_NAME }}",
    "key": "geom_elements.dZ"
  },
  "SLICE": "[{{ indices.1 }}"
},

```

pf_active IDS – *mapping.json*

```

"coil[#]/current" : {
  "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
  "PLUGIN": "CUSTOM_MASTU",
  "ARGS": {
    "signal": "/AMC/ROGEXT/{{ PF_NAME }}"
  },
  "FUNCTION": "pf_coil_current",
  "SCALE": "{{ UNIT_SF }}"
},

```

Coil[#]/current

Should be trivial no? However, instead of just taking the ROGEXT signal straight, P1 coil needs to have the current *0.5, not so trivial

Using special CUSTOM_MASTU plugin with ::pf_coil_current() functionc

pf_active IDS – *mapping.json*

```

"circuit[#]/connections" : {
  "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
  "PLUGIN": "CUSTOM_MASTU",
  "ARGS": {
    "ps_name": "{{ PF_PS_NAME }}"
  },
  "FUNCTION": "pf_conn_matrix"
},

```

Circuit[#]/connections

Another special CUSTOM_MASTU plugin with ::pf_conn_matrix() function essentially to read the circuits connection matrix for MAST-U from JSON

JET summary IDS – *mapping.json*

JET pulses summarised into **Central Physics File (CPF)**
 Database of high-level quantities – sampled to identified ROIs

(substantial interpolation methods used)

```
{
  ...
  "global_quantities/ip": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "JETCPF_Reader",
    "ARGS": {
      "signal": "MAGN/IPLA"
    }
  },
  "global_quantities/r0": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "VALUE",
    "VALUE": 2.96
  },
  "global_quantities/b0": {
    "MAP_TYPE": "PLUGIN",
    "PLUGIN": "JETCPF_Reader",
    "ARGS": {
      "signal": "MAGN/BVAC"
    }
  },
  ...
}
```

Simple mapping taken straight from CPF without modification for several summary quantities

Variables can be added to CPF on request
 (Derived for PPF)

```
JETCPFReader::get(signal=MAGN/IPLA, pulse=99514, ...)
```

Slice to get 2nd element
 Array signal: [1.3, 4.5, 3.3] - returns 4.5

JET CPF Reader – *plugin*

CPF data available by common API

JET_CPF_Reader Plugin created to construct URIs and send requests for CPF data

Example Request (UKAEA firewall / network for access)

<http://data-devel.jet.uk/cpf/extension/api/data?signal=MAGN,IPLA&pulse=99267>

Plugin workflow

- 1) Interpret http request,
- 2) Handle response and parse
- 3) Inspect rank and type
- 4) Deposit data on DataBlock

```

▼ pulses:
  0: 99267
▶ times: {...}
▼ signals:
  ▼ MAGN/IPLA:
    id: 1
    ▼ data:
      ▼ 99267:
        0: -978834.3
        1: -1581731.625
        2: -1626267.11666667
        3: -1537698.5
        4: -1490267.01785714
        5: -1437574.21428571
        6: -1386751.48214286
        7: -1443126.53571429
        8: -1437893.875
  
```

Writing a Plugin to Retrieve Data

1) Parse request parameters

Handle everything that was passed, use as you see fit

2) Access data

Actually read the data, however your experiment does it

3) Determine rank and type

Need to know the shape of the data

4) Appropriately put on DataBlock

Using the known shape of the data, call the correct macro

Plugin: Return Data Macros

Just to note, UDA has helper macros to make it easier to return data to the **DataBlock**

```
SetReturnDataIntScalar(data_block, 23, nullptr)
```

```
SetReturnDataFloatScalar(data_block, 4.5, nullptr)
```

```
std::vector<int> my_vec = {1, 2, 3};
const size vec_size = my_vec.size();
SetReturnDataIntArray(data_block, 4.5, nullptr);
```

```
std::vector<int> my_vec = {2.3, 4.5, 7.6, 5.3};
const size vec_size = my_vec.size();
SetReturnDataIntArray(data_block, my_vec.data(), 1, &vec_size, nullptr);
```

DRAFT Data (JSON)

Easier to see if we just inspect live

**Thanks for listening
Questions / Comments?**

Start Day 2 Hands-on 2